

# The BETHEL OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN

Volume L—Number 40

BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1944

Single Copy—FIVE CENTS

## Governor Dewey Visits Home Town



OWOSSO, MICH.—Soundphoto—Gov. Thomas E. Dewey, G.O.P. Presidential Nominee, rides through streets of his home town with his mother, Mrs. George Dewey (center) and his wife. Owoosso gave the New York Governor one of the biggest homecoming receptions in Michigan's history.

## Robert Greenleaf In Belgium

The following letter was received recently by Dr. and Mrs. S. S. Greenleaf from their son, T-S Robert Greenleaf, who has been on the continent since soon after the invasion.

Somewhere in Belgium:

September 6, 1944

Dear folks:

What miserable weather! It never fails to rain every day and this is a particularly cold, bleak "jour."

I don't think I've had so much fun since I've been in the army as I had yesterday. We came through one of the large cities of Belgium and you cannot begin to imagine the welcome we were given.

The convoy was stopped completely at least 20 times by the joyous populace. I was driving a jeep with John Decker riding with me. John was nearly pulled out of the vehicle several times and I nearly rammed the truck in front of me. The old men and women would grab you and kiss you upon both cheeks but the younger "femmes" had learned the American style of embrace, "Ou la la!" what fun.

I saw several old men with tears of joy in their eyes, and when they grasped your hand you could tell they were sincere.

We had everything given to us; apples, plums, pears, cakes, buns, grapes bottles of wine and Bel-

gium beer, even cigars and cigarettes were thrown at us.

When we reached our destination our jeep was so covered with flags and flowers and streamers that it resembled a float in a festival parade. I failed to mention the fire and drum corps and band.

The latter was playing Sousa's "The Stars and Stripes Forever," as we passed through.

The Belgium flag is very colorful and every house in the city was flying one. The whole place looked like a mass of orange, black and red. There were many flags of the allies hanging about the streets and everyone seemed to be waving a star spangled banner.

I guess I mentioned about the mail mixed up terrible in "A" company. I received my pipe in good condition and am now waiting for my five pound parcels to arrive.

Last night we had a rumor that Hitler had committed suicide and the war was over. What a cruel joke to circulate among us war weary soldiers. I sure do wish I'd get a little mail. It's been so long since I got a letter from you folks. Tell Doris Brown that I will write to her soon. I guess I had better close now and get my chow. "C" Rations!

Lots of love,

Bob

## BETHEL LOCAL NEWS

Clifford Merrill is confined to his home by illness.

Mrs. Frances Davis has been spending several days at North Newry.

Staff Sgt. Vernon Brown of Portland spent the week end at his home here.

Mrs. C. E. Wilson of Brookline, Mass., is visiting her brother, Mr. M. Mack, at Mrs. Sadie Allen's.

There will be a meeting of the American Legion Auxiliary at the Legion Rooms Tuesday evening.

Miss Linnie Gurney of Durham was a week end guest of her brother, Adney Gurney, and family.

Mrs. F. Perley Flint, who has been at Bozabuck Camps, Wilson's Mills, for the summer, returned home Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Fossett and son spent the week end in Milan, N. H., guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nathan French.

William Chapman, John Harrington and Walter Jodrey returned home Wednesday from Toronto, Canada, where they spent several days.

Cadet Nurses Alice Pierce, Barbara Coolidge and Marilyn Marshall of the CMG Hospital, Lewiston, spent the week end at their homes.

Francis Berry has completed his training at the University of Vermont and will spend a week at his home before entering the University of New Hampshire for a course of study.

Mr. and Mrs. Alton Carroll and son Lee returned home Tuesday evening after several days visit in North Abington, Mass., where they attended the wedding of Mr. Carroll's sister, Miss Irene Cushing, and Walter Youtell.

Mrs. William C. Chapman entertained two tables of contract Wednesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Arthur Cutler of Farmington. Guests were: Mrs. Cutler, Mrs. Harry Wilson, Mrs. Laurence Lord, Mrs. Ordell Anderson, Mrs. Wilbur Myers, Mrs. Charles Gorman, Mrs. Earl Davis and Mrs. Clayton Fossett. Prizes were won as follows: Mrs. Davis, 1st; Mrs. Lord, 2nd; Mrs. Fossett, consolation.

J. W. Bragdon arrived last week to visit his nephew, H. N. Bragdon.

Milo McAllister of Jamaica Plain, Mass., spent the week end in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Cutler of Farmington were in town Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester G. French of Norway were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Thift Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Kimball and Rebecca Philbrick of Lisbon Falls were in town over the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Walton Sears and Alice Teal of Arlington, Mass., are spending the week at the Sears farm.

Mrs. Sidney Dyke was the week end guest of Miss Marguerite Hall at Danabiscotta, returning Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Hamlin of Portland, formerly of Bethel, returned home Wednesday after visiting friends several days.

Mrs. Nora Hobson and daughters, Elaine and Joan, of North Lovell have moved into W. C. Bryant's rent on Main Street.

Mrs. L. W. Russell has closed her home on Broad Street and will spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Adelaide Storey, at Deer River.

Franklin Chapman is spending several days at Fryeburg. Mrs. Chapman and daughter are staying with her mother, Mrs. Alice Rowe, while he is away.

Ray Jewell has purchased the camps on the Songo Road formerly occupied by Walter Brown, and will move his family there in the near future.

The Bethel Chamber of Commerce met at the Legion Rooms Tuesday evening, with Past President Eugene Van Den Kerkhof in the chair. There was a discussion of the possibilities of local airplane landing facilities. It was voted to hold Ladies Night at the November meeting, with Eugene Van and Edwin Brown in charge of ticket sales. After the meeting, Elmer Bennett gave an instructive talk on Insurance and Social Security.

## SCHOOL CHILDREN GATHER MILK WEED FLOSS

The campaign for gathering milkweed floss has started off with a big bang, says Wallace H. Elliott, of the University of Maine, supervisor of the campaign in this state. The campaign is being conducted through the schools with the school superintendents as local supervisors.

Thousands of school children, boy and girl scouts, 4-H club members, and others are now scouring the country-side filling gaily colored onion bags with the fluffy material urgently needed by the Army, Navy and Air Force. Farmers can help in the campaign by telling children and teachers of good stands of milkweed on their farms.

Pupils of the Bethel Grammar School have gathered 70 bags of milkweed pods and are enthusiastic in gathering more. Any one who knows where there are any stands of pods will please notify the teachers of the nearest schools in the towns of the Bethel Union or Carrie Wright, Supt. of Schools. According to the press the need is urgent and this is a worthy project in which the children can participate.

## FRYEBURG ELEVEN HERE SATURDAY

At 2 P. M. Saturday, Fryeburg and Gould gridsters will "lock-horns" in what appears to be, at this time, a toss up battle. The visitors are said to be coming with 3 veteran teams from last year on hand. Gould had little trouble in taking Fryeburg last year and feel they will be able to give a good account of themselves, veterans or no veterans.

With head coach Scott and his assistants, Roderick and Emery, putting stress on discovered first game weaknesses the Gould eleven will look considerably better next Saturday. It looks now as if regular fullback Jay Winter will be back in the game this week which will be a big help in the backfield. The return to the squad of Hollie Sturges will also boost Gould's stock considerably. The game should be a real "bang-up" battle between these rival Academies.

## RUMFORD CORNER HOME BURNED TUESDAY

Fire which started in the barn owned by Cyrille Belegarde at Rumford Corner Tuesday completely destroyed the barn and house and spread to nearby property causing a \$2,000 damage. The Belegarde house was the former Edward Braden home. The Jennings home caught fire but little damage was done. The Given's barn nearby was badly damaged. The Rumford Point and Rumford fire departments were called and worked to prevent further spread.

## GIRL SCOUTS

A meeting of the Girl Scouts was held at the Legion Rooms Friday afternoon, September 23, with their leader, Mrs. Elmer Bennett.

The following elections were made, Patrol Leaders: Patrol 1, Eleanor Gurney; Patrol 2, Barbara Bretley; Patrol 3, Ruth Donahue; Patrol 4, Cecile Doyen; Scribe, Marilyn Judkins; Treasurer, Marjorie Anderson; Song Leader, Eleanor Gurney; Pianist, Marilyn Judkins, Marlene Anderson.

An all day hike was planned for Saturday, October 7 to Songo Pond.

Lt. H. E. Lawrence is now stationed at the Mason General Hospital, Brentwood, Long Island. The Lawrences' present home address is 12 Burnett Ave., Bay Shore, Long Island, N. Y.

Pvt. E. J. Coniston of Albany is a member of rifle company which recently won \$336 in prize money and the regimental championship in the 88th Infantry Division in a field firing contest with Infantry weapons. The company which had combat experience on the Fifth Army front in Italy, stopped all other fighting units in the regiment with a score of 100.

S-Sgt. Willard Wright of North Newry, who was reported as having received his overseas orders on leaving Camp Croft, South Carolina, is no stationed at Camp Leonard Wood, Mo.

Pvt. E. J. Whittemore of Locke Mills is home on a few days furlough.

Miss Sue Lovejoy S. 2-c of Locke Mills was home over the week end from New York.

Bob Swan S. 2-c is home on a fifteen day leave at Locke Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Cummings received a cable-gram from their son, Lt. Theodore Cummings announcing his safe arrival at his destination overseas.

Mr. George Hannon is spending 14 day furlough with Mr. and Mrs. Hovius Gunther.

Mr. Clayton Bryant returned to Locke Mills Monday, after spending the week end with his mother, Mrs. Florence Holder, at Gilead.

## SGT. ROBERT LESLIE MOORE

Sgt. Robert Leslie Moore, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph L. Moore of Bethel, died Monday, October 2nd at the Lovell General Hospital, Fort Devens, Mass.

Sgt. Moore was born November 26, 1917, graduated from Gould Academy Bethel and Wentworth Institute Boston. He was well known and loved made friends wherever he went. His engagement to Miss Esther Pike of Waterville was announced two years ago. He entered the Army Air Corps in September, 1942, receiving his basic training at the Technical School at Atlantic City, N. J. His last furlough was spent home in June, 1943, just before he went overseas. For the past year he had been stationed with the Weather Squadron of the European Division of the Air Transport Command in Ireland, where he was taken ill and returned to this country in July.

Funeral services will be held at the Congregational Church, Bethel Friday at 2 P. M.

## TEACHERS OF UNION NO. 22 MEET AT GRAMMAR SCHOOL

On Friday evening, September 29th, a meeting of the teachers of the union composed of Bethel, Gilead, Greenwood, Newry and Union School with Superintendent Carrie Wright, presiding, Miss Ann Griggs, Miss Barbara Newman and Richmond Roderick of the Gould Academy faculty were guests. Superintendent Wright reported on the discussions held at the Superintendents Conference which she attended at the University of Maine in August. The importance of the reading program, the physical education program, and the school obligation to the slow pupil were briefly discussed.

Mr. Roderick, the Director of Physical Education for boys at the Gould Academy, was the speaker of the evening. Mr. Roderick gave a very practical and helpful talk on physical education in the grades giving the teachers many helpful suggestions for games to be used in the rural and village schools.

The program was interspersed with group singing under the direction of Miss Griggs. After the program a social hour was enjoyed with refreshments consisting of sandwiches, cake and coffee.

## CORN BORER MENACE SERIOUS

The European corn borer is spreading rapidly in all corn growing sections of the state, warns Dr. John H. Hawkins of the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station. Nearly every cornfield and victory garden in the sweet corn area was infested this season. The threat to the sweet corn industry is serious unless the borer is controlled.

The remedy rests with the corn growers themselves. Control measures are to destroy all borers by cutting corn stalks into the silage, burning corn refuse, or plowing under all corn refuse remaining on the field or in the garden after the corn is harvested. The Maine law requires that all ground on which corn was grown this year shall be plowed this fall.

The county Extension agent can supply farmers who wish with mimeographed plans for adjusting their plows to do a thorough job in plowing under corn refuse. Careful plowing this fall is the best way to prevent another serious outbreak of borers next year, say Hawkins.

## ENGAGEMENT

Announcement is being made of the engagement of Miss Dorothy Alice Ouellette, daughter of Mrs. Geneva Philney Ouellette and Mr. Romeo Ouellette of Madison to Mr. Talbot Harlow Crane, A. U. S. son of Mr. and Mrs. Percy F. Crane of Orono.

Miss Ouellette graduated from Madison high school and received a B. A. degree from the University of Maine in 1943. She was president of The Women's Forum and a member of the All-Maine Women's society and Delta Delta Delta sorority. At present she is employed in the reservations department of American Airlines in East Boston, Massachusetts.

Lt. Crane attended Gould Academy and graduated from Orono High School and Hoborn Academy. He also received a B. A. degree from the University of Maine in 1943; he was president of the senior class, a member of the Senior Skulls society, the varsity track team and Kappa Sigma Fraternity. Commissioned in the Quartermaster Corps at Camp Lee, Va., Lt. Crane has been stationed at Normoye Field and Camp Wallace Texas, Camp Cooke and Fort Ord, California.

## THIRTY CHAPTER HOLDS FAST PATRONS-MATRONS NIGHT

Purity Chapter, O. E. S., held Past Patrons and Past Matrons Night, Wednesday evening. Supper was served at 6:30 to 8:35 by Mrs. Elmer Bennett, Mrs. Wilbur Myers, and Mrs. Ordell Anderson.

The following program was enjoyed: Vocal duet, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Briggs; Readings, David Thompson; Accordion solo, Roger Pinkham.

The regular meeting followed.

## Berlin Takes Gould 7-6 In Opening Game Saturday

Gould Academy's green team nearly upset a superior man powered team from Berlin here last Saturday losing out in the final period 7-6. Gould scored first when Coach Scott and his assistants were well pleased with the work of their inexperienced players as a whole but they found plenty of weaknesses and errors that they will strive to overcome in their practices this week. Captain Packard played a whale of a game Saturday while Brooks, also in the line, did well. Heathcote and Young were outstanding in the backfield.

The hard charging Berlin line was in the "Blue and Gold" backfield all afternoon spilling plays before they could get started. Berlin made 8 first downs in the game with five of them coming in the last period when the winners put on a sustained 50 yard drive with Gemmitte, their Freshman star, doing the lions share of the ball carrying. The touchdown came by way of the air with Gemmitte tossing to King behind the line. The extra point came also Gemmitte to King. Berlin had a number of excellent line and Gemmitte and Abelli doing superior work in the backfield.

Score by periods:  
Gould 6 0 0 0-6  
Berlin 0 0 0 7-7  
Referee—B. Bornstein  
Umpire—Malvin  
Head Linesman—Topping

## Union Schools High in Bond Sales

The following letter received by Carrie Wright, Superintendent of Schools, should be of interest to the parents and friends in the Bethel Union. This letter should be an incentive to successful continuation of the purchase of War Stamps and Bonds by the school children.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT  
War Savings Staff  
September 16, 1944

Miss Carrie M. Wright,  
Superintendent, School Union 22  
Bethel, Maine

Dear Miss Wright:  
I wanted to write and congratulate you on the fine school program in your union, which resulted in a total of \$14,534.80. I wonder if the community realizes that the combined efforts of the school children lacked only \$465 to have purchased

## CIVILIANS TIRE QUOTAS STILL DECREASING

For the second successive month tire allocation for civilians continued to drop, according to figures in Maine's October quota. Only the large "size" truck and tractor departments were slight gains seen in the number of tires to be made available.

For October Maine civilians will be entitled to 8299 Grade 1 passenger car tires and 2333 size 7.50 truck tires, reductions of 30 and 48, respectively, from last month's quota. An increase of 22 tires brought the October quota to 441 large size truck tires, a number hardly adequate to meet the needs of the state, Jordan said. An increase of 30 brought the small tractor tire quota to 189 and the October quota for large tractor tires was 106, or 3 more than the previous month.

## MRS. ANNIE AMERO

Mrs. Annie Amero passed away Thursday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Esther Ryerson where she had been a patient for the past ten weeks. Previous to that she had been cared for at her home in East Corinth for many months by Mrs. Ryerson.

She was the daughter of George and Sarah Smith Nichols and was born at New Tusk, Nova Scotia, Nov. 28, 1859.

Her husband, H. V. Amero of East Corinth died 48 years ago. She is survived by nine children, Mrs. Charlotte Emery, Sharon, Mass., George Amero, Washburn, Maine, Herbert Amero, Saugus, Mass., Mrs. Esther Ryerson, West Paris, Mrs. Ruth Baldassar, Walpole, Mass., Nelson Amero, East Corinth, Mrs. Hannah Wolderschied, Lynn, Mass., Blanchard Amero, Charleston, Me., Mrs. Fay Brooks, East Corinth, 63 grandchildren, 42 great grandchildren.

Eight grandsons are in the service, two granddaughters, three granddaughters husbands and two great grandsons.

Funeral services were held from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. at the Home, South Woodstock, Saturday afternoon, Rev. Eleanor B. Forbes officiating. The remains were taken Sunday to East Corinth accompanied by Mrs. Ryerson where a committal service was held.

"Private enterprise can and will provide adequate employment if afforded opportunity to make enough profits to cause enough investment." Samuel C. Dunn publisher, American Builder.



GOULD vs. FRYEBURG  
Admission 50c  
Sat., Oct. 7 2 p. m.

WANTED --- To Buy  
Second Hand Telephones  
VAN TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO.







## JUST ASK

And How!  
Jasper—Do you know what counts in the taxicab business?  
Joan—No, what?  
Jasper—The meter, stupid!

That's a Relief  
"Uncle Ferdinand has just died and left me all his money."  
"Thank goodness! Now we shan't have to name the baby after him!"

Positively Bad  
Private Hambro—I sure don't like our new top kick! They say his reputation is questionable.  
Private Sambo—Questionable? Say, there ain't no doubt about it!

We figured that we would retire this year, but our rationing board thinks otherwise.

Up for Grabs  
Young Man—So Miss Nellie is your oldest sister? Who comes after her?  
Little Brother—Nobody ain't come yet, but Pa says the first fellow that comes can have her.

## CLASSIFIED DEPARTMENT

Business Opportunities  
YOU TOO CAN LEARN how to make, mold, cast real plastics. Send stamped envelope. BOX 498, Greenville, Texas.

MISCELLANEOUS  
GUARANTEED MAGIC LESSONS—\$2.00  
DIABLO  
Dept. 21, Lithopolis, Ohio.

REAL ESTATE  
Florida's Finest Cottage Colony and apartments on Gulf of Mexico adjacent to St. Petersburg. All masonry construction, a/c heat, electric ranges, refrigerators, complete, luxurious furnishings. Over 50 acres with wonderful beach, five acres undeveloped, room for building 50 additional units. Income last year \$14,000. Price \$75,000, half cash, balance interest. Oswald C. Tracy, St. Petersburg Beach, Florida.

PRINTING  
NIMEOGRAPHING and Multigraphing. 4 years of the work and fair prices. Free samples and prices. ALFRED W. 1000 W. Nedra Avenue, Philadelphia 41, Pa.

Invest in Liberty ★  
★ Buy War Bonds

## Relief At Last For Your Cough

Creomulsion relieves promptly because it goes right to the seat of the trouble to help loosen and expel germ laden phlegm, and aid nature to soothe and heal raw, tender, inflamed bronchial mucous membranes. Tell your druggist to sell you a bottle of Creomulsion with the understanding you must like the way it quickly allays the cough or you are to have your money back.

CREOMULSION for Coughs, Chest Colds, Bronchitis

Dr. True's Elixir  
THE TRUE FAMILY LAXATIVE  
Aids in the relief of constipation due to sluggishness of the intestinal tract. A reliable use only as directed. At all drug stores.

WOMEN IN '40's  
Do You Hate HOT FLASHES?  
If you suffer from hot flashes, feel weak, nervous, a bit blue at times—all due to the functional "middle-aged" period peculiar to women—try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to relieve such symptoms. Taken regularly—Pinkham's Compound helps build up resistance against such annoying symptoms. Pinkham's Compound is made especially for women. It helps nature and buys the kind of medicine that's best. Follow label directions. LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S COMPOUND

WNU-2 40-44

## Kidneys Must Work Well

For You To Feel Well  
24 hours every day, 7 days every week, never stopping, the kidneys filter waste matter from the blood. If more people were aware of how the kidneys constantly remove surplus fluid, excess acids and other waste matter that cannot stay in the blood without injury to health, there would be better understanding of why the whole system is upset when kidneys fail to function properly. Burning, stinging or too frequent urination sometimes warns that something is wrong. You may suffer nagging back ache, headache, dizziness, rheumatic pains, getting up at night, swelling. Why not try Doan's Pills? You will be using a medicine recommended the country over. Doan's stimulates the function of the kidneys and helps them to get out poisonous waste from the blood. They contain nothing harmful. Get Doan's today. Use with confidence. At all drug stores.

DOAN'S PILLS

## DUDE WOMAN

By PETER B. KYNE

THE STORY THUS FAR: Mary Sutherland is lured to Arizona by the advertisements of the Wagon Wheel dude ranch, operated by Ma and Pa Burdau. She is met at the station by Len Henley, who tells her the ranch is out of business and takes her to Phoenix. Here he rides Mad Hatter in a rodeo and wins three thousand dollars for Mary from his dad, Ham Henley, who has bet against him. Ham has bought the Wagon Wheel from the bank and feels the Wagon Wheel is now his, but Mary has bought an equity in it. She rehires Ma and Pa Burdau, takes up on the ranch, and fights rustlers. Aunt Margaret calls on Len and tells him Mary has almost forgotten that she ever loved him.

### CHAPTER XVII

"I'll be forking a horse by the first of April. Threw my cane away yesterday."

"I discarded mine yesterday, too, and drove in to Phoenix to celebrate and buy some things. Margaret told me where I could communicate with you. I'm so glad you're in your father's house. You both must feel much happier now."

"We are. How are you getting along out there, darling?"

"I'm busier than a one-armed man saddling a colt. That's a nifty I borrowed from Hank Wade. Hank's my friend. And don't you call me darling because I'm telephoning you on business. I've been wondering if now that you've abandoned the rodeo circuit, you would consider selling me Mose and Pablo. I'd like them for my top horses."

"I don't wish to sell my horses, but in memory of some high moments and a sentiment I thoroughly realize has perished, I would like very much to present you with them. And you're the only human being I would consider presenting them to."

"Wasn't it Sir Launfal who said that the gift without the giver is bare? Thank you, Don Leonardo, but I may not accept a gift from you, for any reason particularly a sentimental one."

"Well, you win that argument," he answered bitterly. "Very shortly I will come out and remove all of my property from your ranch."

"Don't bother to do that. I shall have Pedro deliver it all to your father's Tomahawk ranch near Prescott."

A silence then. So she didn't want to risk seeing him again. That knowledge stabbed him and she knew it did because when he spoke again his voice trembled. "Please tell Pedro that I give him the sedan and trailer house for old sake's sake. He has, for a long time, been planning a visit to his wife's people in Mexico and he will save money and be comfortable if he makes the journey in the trailer."

"I'll tell him—and see to it that he gets an opportunity to make the journey. Well, I'm sorry you couldn't have been a better sport about this. It isn't like you to get nasty." This was a blow below the belt and she knew it and waited breathlessly for his counter punch.

"You're the nasty one—I mean—well, I don't mean that. You're sweet and wonderful!"

"Nasty—nice, eh? Well, nobody could be worse than that. Mr. Henley, you're a quitter. You can't take it."

"I can take anything," he said coldly. "Goodbye," she said coldly. "I trust you'll soon be your old swaggering, devastating self again, my handsome love pirate—goodbye!"

If some half-wit had organized a Skeptics' Society, Hamilton L. Henley would, undoubtedly have been a charter member. And if the society had, at one of its meetings, decided to investigate the true inwardness of the old adage that the leopard cannot change his spots, Brother Henley would have been found arguing the issue negatively, even in the face of evidence that modern leopards were achieving considerable success in spot elimination by the use of dyes, bleaches and selective breeding. His experience of life had demonstrated to him that fright and condign punishment do not operate to reform a thief—hence when Joel and Rube Wade, figuratively speaking, shook the dust of Arizona from their cowboy boots, Ham Henley's interest in them did not cease. He had bought their Flying W outfit and in April he would throw a large crew of riders from his Tomahawk ranch in on the neighboring Flying W and make a quick and very thorough round-up and count. Then and then only would he send Joel a check to cover the final accounting, for the lease and iron were both registered in the name of Joel, the eldest brother and neither Rube nor the estate of Breezy had figured in his deal.

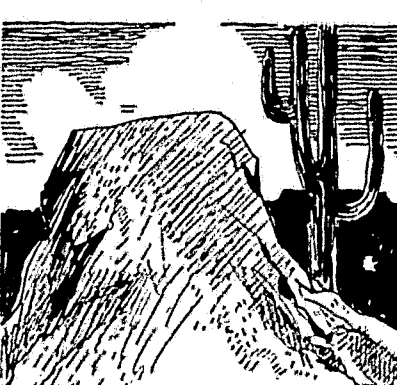
"You know, Hank," he told their father on the way back to Prescott, "I wouldn't put it past them two boys to pay me a visit and steal a lot of them Flying W yearlings after I've paid Joel for 'em. They got the swelled head. They just know they can outsmart the world and I got a notion they'll have to enter to that feelin' by workin' on me, just to catch even with me for makin' 'em sell out to me an' skeedaddle."

He made his round-up on the Flying W early in April and the forty riders he put on the job had it finished in ten days; his Tomahawk ranch manager reported the tally of his calf branding, and the aged

cows, bulls, two-year-old heifers and yearling calves, trucked his crew back to the Tomahawk ranch and started his round-up there. Later in the summer, when the late calves had been dropped a few men would return to the Flying W and brand these. Hamilton L. Henley's office manager, Jess L. Hubbell, sent Joel Wade, to a Los Angeles address, a check agreed upon for the various classes of cattle. When his May bank statement came in with the dead checks, Hamilton L. Henley examined the check he had issued to Joel Wade and discovered it had been deposited in a bank in Blythe, California.

In discussing the Wades with his son at dinner that night he opined that customarily a man resides close to where he banks—wherefore Blythe, just across the Colorado River from Arizona, was too close for comfort. Thereupon Len recalled Pedro Ortiz had told him that the man Pedro had killed on the Wagon Wheel had had a letter on his person addressed to Randall H. Wall, Esq., California, a tiny settlement about thirty miles up river from Blythe, and that, judging by their initials which Pedro had captured, Wall and his two companions that day were from California. This seemed to argue that the Wade brothers must have had a connection across the river and that the connection had not been broken when they sold out and, ostensibly, left Arizona.

A few days later Len motored over to Earp, California, and made discreet inquiry of the postmaster for Randall H. Wall. He was in-



"Up with them, Joel! Up with them, Reuben!"

formed that Randall H. Wall was the younger brother of one Morton P. Wall, and both had a ranch about five miles up river. They had homesteaded a quarter section each of splendid desert land fronting on the river, cleared it and planted it to alfalfa, which they irrigated with water pumped from the Colorado. The postmaster hadn't seen Randall H. Wall for perhaps two months. The brothers sold considerable baled alfalfa which they trucked into the Los Angeles market, but they also fed a great deal of it to cattle, augmenting the alfalfa with cotton seed cake and sugar beets. They had a few trucks hauled in from Los Angeles on their return trips after delivering baled hay. The postmaster had seen truck loads of feeder steers passing through town on the Wall trucks, he knew they bought feeders over in Arizona, fattened them at their ranch and then sold them as baby beef at the Los Angeles stock yards. Randall Wall had once told him they figured on feeding a extra many days and putting two hundred or so in on him. Len drove up a rough, single track desert road that paralleled the river until he came to the Wall ranch, a half section of alfalfa stretching from some low hills to the river. He turned in a road that led through the center of the ranch to the ranch-house and noticed that this road was about forty feet wide and fenced on both sides.

In the yard of the ranch a man tinkering at the motor of a large cattle truck came over and asked Len curtly what he wanted. Len replied that he wanted to see Randall H. Wall on a private matter and was informed that Randall H. Wall had sold out his interest in the ranch and moved to Oregon. Len thanked him and departed, apparently satisfied with this lie.

Upon his return he armed and mounted two reliable old hands from the Tomahawk ranch, equipped them with two pack mules to carry their bed rolls, camp equipment and rattles and sent them over on the Flying W range to remain there all summer and watch for rustlers rounding up cattle.

On August first Len received a telephone message from Tom Lundy—one of his watchdogs on the Flying W range—that four men were gathering Flying W cattle. A week later he and his father motored to their Tomahawk ranch, loaded Len's two horses and his father's top horse, saddled, into a huge truck, together with three pack mules with their pack outfits, bedding rolls, food and cooking utensils and returned to Prescott, where Hank Wade joined them in his official car.

They motored a hundred and eighty miles to Wickenburg and turned west across the flat or undulating desert to Hope, then north to Parker on the south bank of the Colorado River and northeast over a dirt road to Eagle Landing.

About six o'clock the following evening they heard the distant protest of tired cattle and the shout of men urging them down the wash. Half an hour later the sheriff with his party watched, from a distance of thirty yards, his sons, Joel and Rube, and two strangers dismount, unsaddle their horses and three pack mules, hobble them and turn them loose to graze. They made a fire down in the wash and all hands helped in the preparation of supper, from which task they presently were diverted by hearing the soft voice of Sheriff Wade saying:

"Up with them, Joel! Up with them, Reuben! Up with them, strangers! You're all covered!"

"Up!" Hamilton Henley's voice, fierce, harsh and raucous supplemented the sheriff's command; simultaneously he put a bullet into the heart of the campfire and scattered the coals. Four pairs of scarlet-cloaked riders from four sides; while the Henleys and Lundy held them covered the sheriff handcuffed them and linked them together with two additional sets of cuffs.

"Paw," Joel Wade whimpered, "you ain't a goin' to take us in, are you? You wouldn't disgrace yourself by disgracin' your own sons, would you, paw?"

"Your paw's been dead for some time, Joel," his father replied sadly. "You're talkin' now to the sheriff of Yavapai County who took an oath of office to uphold the law. You an' Reuben promised to stay out of Arizona after Mr. Henley saved you from that mob in Prescott an' bought you out—an' here you are back in Arizona with eighty odd head of Mr. Henley's steers in your possession. Shut up or I'll gag you."

The party was up an hour before dawn and Ham Henley and the sheriff prepared breakfast while Len Henley and Tom Lundy, with a lantern, sought out the hobbled horses and mules, brought them in to camp and saddled them. After breakfast the prisoners were mounted on their own horses, and connected with a fifty-foot chain, while their horses were tied head to tail, with a lead rope from the number-one horse to the pommel of the sheriff's saddle, who was to lead the sorry procession back to the Tomahawk truck, parked with its driver at Eagle Landing.

Lundy, mounted on his own horse, was to follow with the rustlers' pack mules, minus their cargo, and help the truck driver load them and the rustlers' horses into the truck, which would then start the long blistering journey back for the Tomahawk ranch. He was then to assist in loading the prisoners in the sheriff's car. In addition to leg irons waiting at the truck they were to be tied in so securely that escape or an attack on the sheriff, en route, would be an impossibility.

As soon as there was sufficient light to permit movement Ham Henley said: "Well, Hank, you better get goin'. You got a long hot day ahead of you. Me an' Len's goin' to swim across the river an' interview this Wall person. That feller's got to be made to realize he ain't a goin' to get it that it'd be the part of wisdom if he stuck to alfalfa farmin' in the future an' left feedin' to somebody else. We aim to inspect his feed lots, see what brands he's got there an' burn all his hay. Words ain't never enough to impress a crook."

He and Len had worked their way down the wash among the cattle, now beginning to clump out to graze, and had arrived on a sandbar at the junction of the Williams with the Colorado when a detonation sounded across the river, a shower of objects rose high in the air and a billow of smoke and dust followed. A few seconds later the Henleys observed a similar phenomenon.

"I'm inclined to think some other indignant Arizona had gotten to Farmer Wall first, pappy," Len observed. "See that rosy glow against the sky. That's haystacks burning up at the feed lots!"

They sat their horses watching the rising glow, reluctant to cross the river now but curious to observe what developments might eventuate. Presently they heard the occasional bellowed protest of cattle being driven steadily and above the bellowing they could hear the shrill "h-yi, h-yi," of bunchers driving cattle.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

## Hedda Hopper: Looking at HOLLYWOOD

RADIO has become the established springboard for a graceful dive into the Hollywood swim.

Before the death of vaudeville the three-day circuit was the training ground for most of the early stars of stage and, later, screen. Now soap operas and nightly variety shows are proving to be a cushy school for future screen stars.

The jump from radio to screen is easier for the unknown actor than it is for a headliner. The little-known performer has an opportunity to portray and gain valuable experience in many types of roles.



Jane Powell

Fred Brady is the newest screen discovery. Following his coast-to-coast shows, talent scouts contacted Brady for a screen test. He scripted the test himself and was signed to a long-term M.G.M. acting contract.

### The Younger Set

Jane Powell is another sensation direct from the ether. The 15-year-old Portland singer appeared for one performance on "Hollywood Showcase," then sat back and took her pick of studio contracts. She was a hit in her first screen role and is being starred in her second film musical, "High Among the Stars."

From announcer to dramatic actor sums up the quick film success of likable Bill Goodwin. Bill's voice is recognizable to thousands of listeners. Soon they'll hear Bill's scenes and be able to see him in scenes with Ingrid Bergman in "The House of Dr. Edwards."

John Hodiak is still another new Hollywood star whose voice was heard long before his face was seen in "Lifeboat."

In contrast, air headlines have a more difficult time than unknowns in establishing themselves as movie stars. You unconsciously build up your own mental picture of the face behind the voice. If the actor's personality doesn't project from the screen in accord with the mental picture created by the air waves it's a quick curtain on the Hollywood career.

Rudy Vallee was a Hollywood casualty. The Connecticut crooner experienced an early version of the Sinatra landslide. He was forced into films by his fans. After a series of unfortunate pictures, which I must admit were pretty terrible, he returned to the air lanes. However, just before his induction into the United States coast guard he finished two highly successful screen roles as a comedian, mainly because a bright young writer and director named Preston Sturges decided to make an asset of Vallee's liabilities.

### The Voice Came Through

Remembering the Vallee fiasco, film producers were cautious when the bobby sock brigade flooded Hollywood studios with letters demanding that they see "The Voice" on the screen. For Sinatra's debut RKO gave the crooner hit tunes, a not too dramatic role, a good cast, then released the picture and held their breath. The fans swooned and asked for Frankie again and again.

Two other famous voices to successfully travel the same route were Edgar Bergen and Charlie McCarthy. Through the puppeteering mastery of Bergen and careful photography the one-man show became a starring screen team.

Ames and Andy damned burnt cork and stepped before the movie lenses, with but slight success. But Abbott and Costello acted out their routines in front of a Universal camera and the gold rush was on—and still is.

### Two Heads Better Than One

Olsen and Johnson now make one picture a year. Lum and Abner signed a long-term RKO contract and expect to balance their career between air and screen. Following the trend, Fibber and Molly McFie were finally roped into the Hollywood corral.

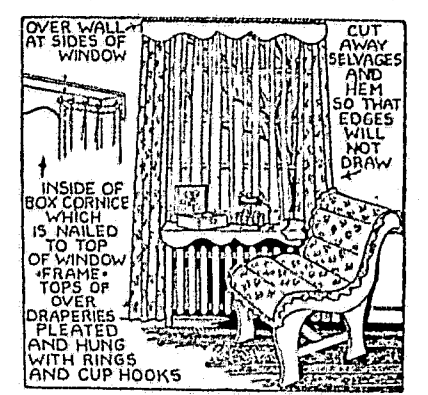
The list goes on unendingly. What television will do after it makes its debut at war's end no one can say yet. But I predict the results will be as startling and far-reaching as when sound came to the movies.

### On the Bandwagon

When Abbott and Costello were introduced at a dinner given recently by the team's manager went overboard with, "I now give you the most successful team of modern times—Abbott and Costello." Bud stood up and said, "Whatever happened to that team—Eisenhower and Montgomery?" ... Groucho Marx, looking at his daughter Marian's new hat, which had a big bird sitting on it, said, "I don't mind the hat, but why did you have to buy one I'll have to feed?"

## Matching Cornice And Radiator Shelf

THIS winter as last we should remember that the purpose of a radiator is to radiate heat and that we are not getting the maximum from fuel if we box the radiator in with a tight cover. The shelf shown here is built well above the radiator and curving up under the shelf is a metal heat reflector which also covers the wall back of the radiator. The front and end of the shelf are trimmed with cut-out wooden scal-



lops repeating the curves of those used for the cornice shelf above the curtains.

There is a trick about the cornice too. It fits over the top of the window frame but is considerably wider to allow the over-drapes to hang straight at the sides of the radiator which is the width of the window. The sketch at the left shows how nails hold the box-like cornice in place and how the draperies are held inside with cup hooks.

NOTE—The attractive chair beside the radiator shelf is made with pattern No. 265. Scallop pattern No. 207 illustrates the steps in making cornices and also gives actual size pattern for scallops for cornice and edging of the shelf. Patterns are 15 cents each. Address:

MRS. RUTH WYETH SPEARS  
Bedford Hills New York  
Drawer 10  
Enclose 15 cents for each pattern ordered.  
Name .....  
Address .....

Mimeo & Multigraphing  
14 yrs. of fine work and fair prices. Free samples and prices. C. ALLSMITH, 1500 W. Nedra Ave., Philadelphia 41, Pa.—Adv.

### FRETFUL CHILDREN

Many mothers rely on easy-to-take Mother Gray's Sweet Powders when a laxative is needed by the little ones. Equally effective for grownups—has 45 years of continuous approval. At all drug stores. Caution: use only as directed.

### MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS

THE VOICE OF PROPHECY  
COAST TO COAST  
WYATT R. SUNDAY  
KING'S Herald Male Quartet  
FREE! Radio Bible Correspondence Course  
ADULT • JUNIOR • MALES • FEMALE • POSTCARDS • CIGARETTES  
WHAC • WHYN • WAAB  
WGAN • WLNH • WSBY • WEAN  
WHTT • WABY • WWIN  
Newspaper Logs Show Other Stations  
BOX 53 • LOS ANGELES 53 • CALIF.



Olivia de Havilland  
star of the Warner Bros. picture, "Star of the West," recommends Calox Tooth Powder for teeth that shine.

### Buy War Savings Bonds

Help Youngsters GROW STRONG VIGOROUS HUSKY!

### GOOD-TASTING TONIC

Good-tasting Scott's Emulsion contains natural A & D Vitamins often needed to help build stamina and resistance to colds and minor ills. Helps build strong bones and sound teeth, too! Give good-tasting Scott's daily, the year-round!

Recommended by Many Doctors

TRY SCOTT'S EMULSION  
Great Year Round Tonic



## The Oxford County Citizen

The Bethel News 1895  
The Rumford Citizen, 1906

Published every Thursday in the interests of the inhabitants of Bethel and the other towns of Northwestern Oxford County. Entered as second class matter, May 7, 1908, at the post office at Bethel, Maine. Subscription rates, paid in advance: three years, \$5.00; one year, \$2.00; six months, \$1.10; three months, 60c. Phone 100

Carl L. Brown, Publisher



**LOOKING AHEAD**  
BY GEORGE S. BENSON  
President of Bethel College  
Bethel, Maine

### Homes and Taxes

Prophecy of business trends for several years before Pearl Harbor were predicting a building boom to be in progress about now. They reasoned that one-fourth of America's population, an unusually large share, would reach an age to be married between 1940 and 1945. It seemed reasonable enough to guess that a lively demand for new homes would develop quite naturally.

World War No. 2 gave this forecast a setback but did not change the facts much. A record-breaking number of new families are being started now without new houses and the looked-for building boom is growing while it waits. "When war ends and restrictions are removed from lumber and hardware," the experts say, "look out for a big, hurry-up demand for places to live."

### Build Good Homes

A home is a valuable thing, worth saving, every new one brings lasting benefit to a community. If the house is worth what it costs. But houses that are not of sound construction are pitiful liabilities. The owner of a good house in a good community pays taxes on his property willingly but an abandoned house yields no taxes and lowers the value of every other house for blocks around.

Most residences are built before they are sold and are bought with borrowed capital, the money lender holding a mortgage. There was a time when a mortgage was simple protection because land gained value faster than houses lost it, but not lately. Houses cost five to ten times as much as lots and, back in 1935, the government began insuring mortgages to keep business active.

### Costs You and Me

The depression - born idea still lives. The banker carries the house-buyer and the national treasury carries the banker, but who carries the Treasury? Answer: The taxpayer! If Mr. Buyer's new house is a "Jerry" he abandons it. The banker takes it over and the Treasury pays off the payer of federal taxes in stock. He has a financial interest in every government-financed house. Local taxes are involved even more. Building helps a town, indeed. Each new home in a good subdivision means a new man to help pay the cost of running the city. Landlords the tax base. But vacant houses pay no taxes. They cost the rates on other, older homes in more substantial parts of town. Such leaks of revenue ought to stop. With every economy, taxes will be higher after this war than ever before.

### Everybody's Business

Building loans affect everybody. Business improves when they start, prospers while they last and goes into a lull when they stop. But a loan can be a counterforce. Loans ought to be easy on well built houses and impossible on poor ones. When government underwrites a shoddy shack it amounts to making taxpayers guarantee a sweet profit to any dishonest builder who can fool a banker. It has been done.

At a very small additional cost any honorable builder can give assurance of a quality structure to his customers, to their bankers and to the Treasury, with a certificate of structural rating. Organizations of established real estate brokers have power to enforce standards of home construction as high as any community demands. Workable machinery exists already, at the command of civic leaders and taxing officials.

### An Inclusive List

Five groups of people have all lost war home building will be good building. 1. Home owners who want their own's worth. 2. Bankers interested in good collateral. 3. Citizens who favor a brand tax base to support a good and sound government. 4. All who pay federal taxes and want the money used wisely. 5. The Builders who suffer the heaviest of tax and mortgage burdens.

**Any Excuse You Can Find For Not Upgrading Your Bond Buying Will Please Refer**

## "YAY, TEAM!"

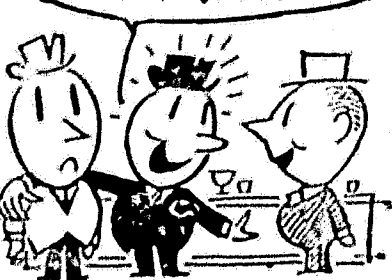
By COLLIER



"OUR PRIVATE ECONOMY HAS TO CARRY THE BALL ON THE JOB OF RECONVERSION."  
- J. A. KUG, ACTING CHIEF, W.R.B.

## don herold says:

Have a drink on Bill



It is always easy to be generous with somebody else's money.

A lot of "good fellows" are free and easy with dough that somebody else saved to make.

In recent years we've seen big-hearted open-handed philanthropists taking credit for throwing your money around.

Any prosperity we've had recently will be out of your pocket.

Unless we put the brakes on, taxes after the war will be \$800 yearly for each average family of four and the national debt will be \$200 for each average family of four. Somebody has been giving a lot on YOU.



## PLANE TALK

BY Rowland Burnston

Small communities cannot ignore the Air Age because they are not reached by the airlines. The ghost of the future will have died because they had no landing strip. Indicators of the interest in providing landing strips for their towns are the many requests for airport information received from town of officials, chambers of commerce, firms, and oil companies with gas stations to revamp.

An advantage to the average hit the town in carrying out landing strip plans now, is prestige for progressiveness in stimulating the growth of new industry, there will be new jobs around the airport, more transient trade will come to the town; other industries will like the location if raw materials and parts are accessible by air and town merchants can fly in special merchandise for their customers. But, warning these points is the theory that once there are landing facilities in an area, people's interest in buying or renting planes will snowball rapidly.

All that is needed is a straight road strip at least 1800' by 300', running into the prevailing winds, a wind sock, a direction pointer, air marking numerals and corner markers. This is the minimum. It should be near the town and highway, allowing for expansion into a regular airport complete with hangars, servicing facilities, parking space, shops, etc. Even though planning along this line is greatly encouraged, care should be taken to insure that large expenditures are not made for improvements which may become obsolete within a few years.

## THE GRAND OLD BOOK

By Norman Vincent Peale  
(EDITOR'S NOTE: The Reverend Norman Vincent Peale, D.D., is pastor of Marble Collegiate Church, Fifth Avenue, New York City.)

You can get a great deal out of life if you go at it in the right way. Living for some is anything but a pleasure; it is a discouraging series of hardships, disappointments, anxieties and frustrations. If it isn't that bad it is at least a lot of drudgery, monotony and inner conflict.

But the grand and glorious fact is that life does not need to be that way for anyone, because living can be a rich and pleasant experience. That simple but profound American philosopher, Henry Thoreau of Walden Pond, said: "Life is just a stream in which I go fishing." He had learned the art of drawing out of the stream of life, values that make for satisfaction and happiness.

This does not mean that always one shall find life peaceful and easy going. Much of it is storm and stress and just plain difficulty. How to meet these things is the question.

Here is a suggestion: Read the writings of one of the greatest of all philosophers. He was not a bookish man but a keen thinker who knew the simple every day problems of people and he had found the answer to those problems. I refer to the man who wrote the 23rd Psalm. Insofar as it is possible to compress all the emotions of human life into a few sentences, it has been done in this Psalm. This man implies that he had suffered what he tells us that he found a shepherd who cared for his wants. He had known storm and tumult for now he lived in "green pastures," and by the quiet and "still waters."

He evidently had been under pressure and was about played out for now his "soul was restored." He had struggled with enemies and now "a table was spread," indicating victory for him. He had walked through a dark valley but had learned to "fear no evil," for someone was with him in short, he had suffered much and had been hard pushed by life. Yet he arrived at an amazing philosophy. He is convinced that "goodness and mercy shall follow him all the days of his life."

Probably this 23rd Psalm has

SCHOOL SAVINGS			
Week of Oct. 2, 1944			
I	\$5.00	\$5.30	83
II	\$1.00	3.75	76
III		3.85	69
IV	1.00	4.45	60
TOTAL			
V	\$2.00	\$17.35	
VI	1.00	\$4.85	57
VII	2.00	4.90	57
		5.25	59
		3.50	52
TOTAL			
	\$5.00	\$18.30	

First and seventh has banner.

## Are You Afraid To Ask For A Checking Account?

It is really very easy.  
No red tape,  
just a simple request.

**THE BETHEL NATIONAL BANK**  
Member F. D. I. C.

## Industrialist Crusades To Keep An American Birthright

By ED C. POWERS

In an American birthright won by the blood and sweat of our forefathers slipping from our grasp? James F. Lincoln, nationally known expert of work incentives and president of The Lincoln Electric Company, Cleveland, says it is.

Lashing out at Government policies which discourage the people's will to produce goods that go to make up the nation's high standard of living, the out-spoken industrialist told in an interview how he believes one of our birthrights is being strangled.

A big, vigorous man of 61 with ruddy complexion and a full shock of gray hair, Lincoln's eyes flashed as he spoke of a planned drift towards socialism at Washington which is taking away the incentive for the individual to develop his latent abilities to the utmost.

Asked what the industrial incentive system he favors has to do with farmers, the industrialist replied that his remarks were not confined to industry or to systems, rather he was thinking about the incentive for any producer to produce.

"What would happen on two neighboring farms," asked Lincoln, who was reared on a farm himself, "if one farmer applied himself to intelligent planning, planting and cultivation of his crops and backed it up with plenty of hard work while the other farmer did not apply himself so diligently? You know which one of those farmers enjoys the better standard of living."

"Now, what would happen if the Government came along and told the more productive one that he should have no more than the other, so from now on he must turn back all rewards received from his farming in excess of those of his neighbor?"

"The Government did it to us. It could do the same to farmers," he said in level tone, looking directly into the interviewer's eyes while he controlled the indignation within him. "Here is what happened."

Lincoln first reviewed the history of his company. It took 130 man-hours to make a 200 ampere



JAMES F. LINCOLN

welder before incentives were offered 10 years ago and it takes 19 today, he said. A ton of welding electrode required 72 man-hours to produce then and 2 hours and a few minutes today.

These remarkable gains were attributed by Lincoln to his company's incentive system which rewards workers in proportion to what each contributes to total output—either by production efforts or helpful ideas on production.

While such production strides were being made, the average yearly income of Lincoln factory workers climbed from \$1300.00 to \$5400.00 and the prices for their output declined. For example, few men in farm areas would have found it practical to buy a welder 10 years ago at a price of \$550.00 to carry on a repair business for broken farm equipment in their district, but many are doing a useful and successful business today with the same type of welders bought from Lincoln at \$190.00.

Simultaneously, the reduced prices so widened the sale of Lincoln equipment that the plant had to increase employment from 200 persons to over 1000.

The widespread "know how" gained during the past ten years made welding one of the important tools in speeding war production beyond anything axis dictators

can find strength and peace so that they will be in a position to say, "Surely goodness and mercy shall follow me all the days of my life."

The week from October 9 to 14 inclusive, has been designated by the Laymen's National Committee as BIBLE WEEK. The 23rd Psalm is but one of the many beautiful passages in that GRAND OLD BOOK. If life is getting you down, if you have lost courage, why not turn back to this great book? There you will find the answers to all your problems and gather the strength to see them through.

## GILEAD

John McBride, who is staying at the Ingalls Farm, Shelburne, N. H., fell Sunday, breaking his left arm. Mr. and Mrs. Russell Cole have closed the Evans Notch Lodge and returned to their home here.

Mrs. Cora Bean of Mechanic Falls is a guest of her sister, Mrs. Dorothy Robertson.

Mrs. Marion Cole has been spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Warren Noyes, in West Burke, Vt.

Several people of this vicinity, attended the World's Fair at No. Waterford Saturday.

Miss Stella Nadeau has gone to Portland where she has employment.

Merton Fogg of Gorham, N. H., was a recent visitor in town.

dreamed in their wildest night-mares.

After explaining how his company had made this production—a low-cost and high-wage record, Lincoln said:

"The Treasury Department stepped in and shipped a \$1,600,000.00 assessment on the company and the Price Adjustment Board added a renegotiation penalty of \$3,250,000.00 after this splendid team of production workers turned its energies to war production."

Lincoln questioned the Government's sincerity in desiring to save the people's money through renegotiation and stated that it had cost this country billions of dollars more than it had saved. He stated that this was because efficiency had been penalized and inefficiency encouraged. "For example," he said, "How long will the efficient farmer, whom I mentioned earlier, continue to produce in that way when he finds that the results of his efficiency are taken from him, and the inefficient farmer is patted on the back? That is renegotiation. That is an example of Washington economic thinking."

"Renegotiation," Lincoln said, "is making it impossible for reconversion to peacetime business in many cases. We are resisting in the courts Governmental threats to our hard won efficiency just as the efficient farmer would resist having his earnings taken. To comply quietly with such threats would cripple our incentive system and cut out the very guts of an American method for giving the nation the most for its money in war or peace."

If industry is so crippled as to be unable to provide post-war jobs under present Government-imposed handicaps, Lincoln believes the Government will have to step in to become the "feudal lord" and, furthermore, he believes "it is being planned that way."

It doesn't make much difference what happens to The Lincoln Electric Company or any other single company but it is tremendously important what happens to the American standard of living, as Lincoln sees it. He is devoting much time and working with all his energies, which are not inconsiderable, to get other people to see it too.

I note in my daily where a high school girl got \$2500 damages from a party of friends who spanked her. I know it must have been a lot of fun, but \$2500 puts it in the luxury class.

**NEW FALL Sweaters AND Dickeys ALSO Rain Coats ETC. at BROWN'S VARIETY STORE**

## To All New England

# PULPWOOD PRODUCERS

Your government and the armed forces of the United States need all the softwood pulpwood which can be produced.

However, it should be definitely understood that "pulpwood at any price" is NOT the slogan of the government. The wages and labor costs of Maine farmers and other pulpwood and lumber operators are subject to the Price and Wage Control Act of Congress, the directives of the President of the United States and of the National War Labor Board, just as are the wages paid in any other industry in the country.

No matter how small the operation or how few employees, the wages paid by ALL pulpwood and lumber producers in New England are subject to control by the War Labor Board.

The War Labor Board is anxious to assist operators in complying with government regulations of Wage Stabilization. Address your inquiries to:

Wage Stabilization Director  
National War Labor Board, Region 1  
209 Washington Street  
Boston, 8, Massachusetts

This letter published by the

**MAINE PULPWOOD and PAPER INDUSTRY**

## EAST

Mrs. Ge. Rich, Mr. and Miss were Su. W. B. B. Miss J. for a we. Bartlett a. Mr. and baby have Kimball p. Three y. see who h. Fryeburg rison, are tatoes for say our f. their cold. Mr. and Mrs. Mrs. Ida Blake won where she gradaug several ve. Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Freema end with Fort Belv.

## SUNDAY

Mrs. Dais home and Mrs. Earl before girl Miss Ruth her teachi were in a few days. Floyd V. Concor, Mr. Robert Le of Falmout place, Mr. This week t. The R. M. of their re. Roger R. the week e. R. L. Fos this writi. Miss Tren from Dixie. Mr. and L. Lowell, Mas a few days. Mrs. Claud Wilson and last week. Mrs. Hym Portsmout, over the we. Mr. and M. daughter w. parents, Mr. Mr. and M. painted thei. Mrs. Tina Mrs. Nettie.

## BRYANT

Mrs. Inez W. Visitors at Home at W. Matthew G. George C. Billings, Mrs. Mr. and Mrs. Inez W. not as well a. very poor. Nursing Hom. Mr. and M. daughter, M. with her. Dana Berry. Miss Ram the week en. Ring, Tubbs. Mrs. Inez weeks visit. Mann's Mill. the home of h. and family. Mr. and M. Pond, Vt., with her m. Noyes. David W. wife and da. chusette visit. and Mrs. Carl. this week, Mr. of Watervill. guests of the. Mrs. Floren. Portland cam. week with the. Addie Noyes.

## WEST B

There will sponsored by Grange, Frid. 6th. Mr. and Mrs. son of Portl. end at the ho. land and fam. Mr. and Mrs. Mrs. Clat. Mrs. Herman. north Loveloj. land and son. saph attended. Wednesday.

## BRY

Friday and Swift's Premi. FRANKFOR. Small Links. SAUSAGE. Sliced — Grad. BACON. Michigan ONIONS. BARTLETT. IGA Fancy PEANUT BU.

## FOO



## EAST BETHEL

Mrs. George Rich, Miss Jennie Rich, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rion and daughter Nancy of Berlin and Miss Eva Bean of Bethel were Sunday guests of Mrs. W. B. Bartlett and Mrs. H. L. Holt. Miss Jennie Rich remained here for a week with her cousins, Mrs. Bartlett and Mrs. Holt.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Roy and baby have moved back to the Kimball place from West Paris.

Three young men from Tennessee who have been picking corn in Fryeburg area and apples in Harrison, are now helping pick up potatoes for Robert Hastings. They say our fall weather is as cold as their coldest winter weather.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Hutchinson and Mrs. Clara Holman were at Mrs. Ida Blakes Sunday. Mrs. Blake went to Dixfield with them where she will be the guest of her granddaughter, Mrs. Holman for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Newton and Carlene Dorey were in Andover Sunday.

Freeman Merrill spent the week end with his family, returning to Fort Belvoir, Va. Tuesday.

## SUNDAY RIVER

Mrs. Daisy Crosby has closed her home and gone to Portland to visit Mrs. Earl Williamson and family before going to Arlington, Mass. Miss Ruth Crosby has returned to her teaching duties at Orono.

Owen Demerit and Alva Morrison were in Ketchum last week a few days.

Floyd Verrill and son Ralph of Concord, Mass., also Mr. and Mrs. Robert Leach and daughter Avis of Falmouth were at the Verrill place. Mr. Verrill has remained this week to work about the place.

The R. M. Fleets are all better of their recent illness. Roger Reynolds was home over the week end.

R. L. Foster is not very well at this writing. Miss Irene Foster was home from Dixfield over the week end. Mr. and Mrs. Edward Fisher of Lowell, Mass. are at their place for a few days.

Mrs. Claude Collins called on Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Esther Powers last week. Mrs. Egan Bacon and son of Portsmouth, N. H., were in town over the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnnie Nowlin and daughter were recent callers at his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Nowlin. Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Bean have painted their house.

Mrs. Tina Reynolds called on Mrs. Nettie Fleet recently.

## BRYANT POND

Mrs. Inez Whitman, Correspondent

Visitors at the Noyes Nursing Home at W. Paris, Sunday were Matthew Greene and family, Mrs. George Cummings, Mrs. Elmer Billings, Mrs. Wallace Whitman, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Cole and Mrs. Inez Whitman. Clarence felt is not as well and Mrs. Annie Cole is very poorly. They are both at the Nursing Home.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Farnum and daughter, Mary spent the week end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dana Berry, Gorham, N. H.

Miss Ramona Farnum spent the week end with Mrs. Bessie Ring, Tubbs District.

Mrs. Inez Whitman is having a week's vacation from her work at Mann's Mill. She spent Monday at the home of her cousin, Albert Felt and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Glen Brooks, Island Pond, Vt., spent the week end with her mother, Mrs. Addie Noyes.

David W. Farnum Jr. S. 2-c, wife and daughter from Massachusetts visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Carl C. Dudley two days this week. Mr. and Mrs. Omar Lord of Waterville were week end guests of the Dudley's.

Mrs. Florence Emery Luce of Portland came Sunday to spend a week with her grandmother, Mrs. Addie Noyes.

Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Grenier and son of Portland spent the week end at the home of Roland Kneeland and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Rolfe, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Bennett, Mrs. Kenneth Lovejoy, also Roland Kneeland and sons Reginald and Joseph attended Fryeburg Fair on Wednesday.

WEST BETHEL

There will be a public dance sponsored by Pleasant Valley Grange, Friday evening, October 6th.

Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Grenier and son of Portland spent the week end at the home of Roland Kneeland and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Rolfe, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Bennett, Mrs. Kenneth Lovejoy, also Roland Kneeland and sons Reginald and Joseph attended Fryeburg Fair on Wednesday.

## HANOVER

Correspondent—Mrs. W. W. Worcester

A heavy frost Tuesday morning. Mrs. Helen Barker and Mrs. Alice Staples were in Rumford Point one afternoon last week calling on the invalids there.

G. C. Barker delivered goods in Bryant Pond, Locke Mills and Bethel, recently.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Holt returned to their home last week.

Mrs. Etta Abbott returned to her home in Rumford last week, after spending several days with her daughter, Mrs. Tony Croteau.

Horace Morse is teaching in Old Town.

Mr. and Mrs. Ervin Mills and son Milton, Norway, spent the week end with Mrs. Mabel Worcester.

Milton Mills leaves for Camp Devens October 10.

Mrs. Etta Bartlett and Mrs. Elvira Bartlett called on Mrs. Mabel Worcester Monday. Mrs. Elvira is 88 years old and smart for her age. She knits and makes patchwork. She is soon to go to Gilead where she will stay with Mrs. Louisa Tibbets for the winter.

Parker Russell is convalescing at his home from the shoulder ailment which has kept him confined to the house for some time. Neri Babineau and Will Thomas sawed W. C. Holt's wood early in the week.

## NORTH NEWRY

Mrs. Ramona Fillault, who is caring for Fred Kilgore at the Hospital at Rumford was home Sunday.

Mrs. Hartley Hanson went to Winthrop Thursday to attend the funeral of her brother-in-law.

Miss Elizabeth Wight was at home from Gorham Normal School over the week end.

Mrs. Virginia Stewart went to Gorham, N. H., Saturday where she will spend several days with her husband's parents.

Leon Enman is working for Mr. Larrievie in the woods.

Bear River Grange observed "Booster" and Home and Community Welfare Night Sat., Sept. 30, with State Secretary Nellie L. Haskell of Auburn, Maine as speaker. A program of songs, readings and tables were enjoyed by all. Refreshments followed the meeting.

Mrs. Elwin Brown picked 722 bushels of cucumbers from her two acre plot which is an excellent production record.

Mrs. Grace Arsenault who has been ill several weeks still remains quite poorly. Her many friends wish her a speedy recovery.

Boosters Night was observed by Bear River Grange last Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Merton Holt and son Ernest were at Belfast recently, guests of her sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Bedford Corey of Plattsburg, N. Y., were recent overnight guests of Mr. and Mrs. Warren.

Mrs. Josephine Donnell returned to her home in Berwick Sunday, September 24 after several weeks spent in Bear River Cabins.

Several attended the World's Fair at North Waterford, Saturday.

Mrs. Wilma Brooke is with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Walker. Mr. Walker has been in poor health for several weeks.

ASPHALT SHINGLES

STOVE PIPE  
FURNACE PIPE  
ELBOWS  
DAMPERS

D. GROVER BROOKS

**BRYANT'S MARKET**

Friday and Saturday Only

Swift's Premium—Your Favorite  
FRANKFURTS 1 lb. 38c  
Small Links—Pure Pork  
SAUSAGE 1 lb. 42c  
Sliced—Grade A—Sugar Cured  
BACON 1 lb. 30c  
Michigan  
ONIONS 3 lbs. 14c  
BARTLETT PEARS 1 lb. 10c  
IGA Fancy  
PEANUT BUTTER 1 lb. jar 20c

Gold Nugget—Family  
FLOUR 25 lb. bag \$1.00  
IGA Enriched—BREAD  
FLOUR 25 lb. bag \$1.27  
IGA Fancy  
TOMATO JUICE No. 2 cn. 10c  
Campbell's  
TOMATO SOUP can 9c  
MALTEX Cereal pkg. 22c  
JAR RINGS pkg. 6c  
CERTO 8 oz. bot. 25c  
TEX WAX 2 1 lb. pkg. 25c

FOOD IGA STORE

## ROWE HILL

Miss Sylvia Ring of Peru is visiting at Wilmer Bryant's for a few days.

Bunice Palmer was home over the week end from her work at Berlin, N. H.

William Bailey is home on a furlough. He returns Thursday. He called on his mother, Sunday.

Wilmer Bryant and family went to the World's Fair at Waterford Saturday. He called at Locke Mills and took his sister Mrs. Lang and son, Merle.

Wilmer Bryant took his sister Mrs. Winnie Hanson to South Paris to see a doctor Monday.

Mrs. Chester Record is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Stella West at South Paris this week.

Mrs. Winnie Hanson has been soliciting funds for the soldiers' Christmas boxes. She had this neighborhood and Greenwood Center and took in \$11.25.

## UPTON

Mrs. C. A. Judkins, Correspondent

The Farm Bureau was held Thursday, September 28 at the home of Mrs. Lettie Douglass. The subject was "War Time Information." Mrs. Virginia Brown, H. D. A. and her mother were present.

Mrs. Doris Fraser was a recent visitor in Wilton's Mills.

Mrs. Esther Williamson visited her mother in Bethel a few days recently.

David Milligan, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Boucher of Bath were home over the week end.

Roland Bernier and Rene Pelchat were home over the week end.

Mrs. Jennie Stewart of Errol, N. H., is keeping house for E. S. Lane for the winter.

Miss Carrie Angevine has left Stephen High School and gone to Gould Academy. She is boarding at Guy Pratt's.

Mrs. Hazel Burnham of Rumford was the week end guest of her daughter, Mrs. Claude Lombard.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Lee Abbott and Mrs. Cora Abbott have moved to Bangor for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Fuller and family were in town Sunday.

Camille Martell of Errol, N. H., has been working on the telephone line between Upton and Newry.

Frank Allen has finished work at the Lake House.

Miss Jean Milligan of Lynn, Mass., who came home sick is much improved in health.

## GREENWOOD CITY

Mr. and Mrs. Lauri Tamminen and son of Yarmouth were Sunday guests of George Cole.

Walter Wyman of Auburn spent the week end with his daughter, Mrs. Fred Curtis.

Helen Tamlander of Norway spent the week end with her sister, Mrs. Ernest Cyr.

Mrs. Roy Morgan, Mrs. Roy Millett, and Mrs. Clyde Morgan were in Rumford on Saturday.

Mrs. Colista Morgan attended the teachers' meeting at Bethel on Friday evening.

Mrs. Leonas Holt and son and Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Yates spent Sunday with relatives at West Paris.

The School Club chose its officers last week as follows: President, Mary Tamminen; Secretary, Mrs. Tamminen; and Treasurer, Glenn Hayes.

## NORTH WOODSTOCK

Mr. and Mrs. Will Emerson and Mrs. Julia Jackson were recent callers at John Hemingway's.

Mrs. Hattie Brown has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Hanne Cushman, and family.

Emma Davis hurt her foot at school last week and was unable to attend school several days.

Mrs. Frank Coffin is caring for her grandchildren, Jeanie and Charles. Mrs. James Coffin, their mother, is working.

Mrs. Mertie Hardy and family saw a large moose near their house one day last week. He came back at night and did some damage to the telephone line and tore down some poles.

Mrs. David Foster and children and Mrs. Annette Foster of East Bethel called to see Lola Foster Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Cole and Clarence Smith were at Rumford Saturday afternoon. Mrs. Cole's daughter, Miss Evelyn Knights, of Lynn, Mass., came home with them for a week's vacation but is in bed quite sick with a bad cold.

Mr. and Mrs. William Farwell and son, Porter attended Waterford Fair Saturday afternoon. Frank Coffin also attended.

Several from this Community attended the Musical Concert last Thursday evening.

Mrs. Flora Kierstead visited Tuesday with Mrs. Willard Farwell.

Mr. and Mrs. George Abbott entertained relatives from East Bethel Sunday.

## LOCKE MILLS

Adelaide W. Lister, Correspondent

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Kimball are receiving congratulations on the birth of a second son, at Rumford Community Hospital, Friday, September 29th. Both mother and son are progressing satisfactorily.

Mrs. Earle Bacon and Mrs. Charles W. Day spent the day at Lewiston recently.

Miss Joan Davis who has been at Lewiston will be at home for the present.

Misses Jean Tirrell, Madelyn Jordan, Ruth Rich and Mrs. Bessie Martin were at their homes over the week end.

Mrs. Russell Farrell and family were callers at her sisters, Mrs. Myra Jordan's last Friday. The Farrells are now residing at West Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. William S. Lister and Mr. and Mrs. Norman J. Lister of (Soneham, Mass., were guests of their brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. George B. Lister over Sunday.

Robert Cole had the misfortune to severely cut a finger while chopping wood last Monday. It is hoped the finger may be saved.

Word comes from Rumford that Sidney Bartlett, who underwent surgery at the Community Hospital last week is making more favorable progress and will be able to return home in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. V. C. Bates of New Haven, Conn., are at their summer home on the Gore for their final visit of the season.

Many from here attended Waterford Fair last Saturday.

Mrs. Bertha Davis is working at Rand's for a few days, while Mr. Howe, the clerk is away.



**LIGHTHOUSE CLEANSER**

5c

FARWELL & WIGHT'S

FULL LINE

of

Ladies' and Children's

Sweaters

THE SPECIALTY SHOP

BETHEL, MAINE

Telephone 57-2

## Tooth Brushes

Dr. West's Miracle Tuft

47c

Tek - 50c Quality

29c

Bosserman's Drug Store

# WHAT WILL NEW ENGLAND DO ABOUT THIS PULPWOOD SHORTAGE?

Latest reports show New England and New York far behind the rest of the country in their response to the government's appeal for more pulpwood. There are implications in this that should give serious concern to every New England business man. Is New England going to stand aside and let the other sections of the country take the lead in this pulpwood emergency?

## Manpower is a Problem

This area has vast stands of spruce, fir and hemlock—the woods most wanted. The only problem is to get men to cut it. But this problem has been solved in other sections by getting farmers to cut pulpwood in slack seasons and by recruiting men released by other war industries. It can be solved here.

## An Industry with a Future

Pulpwood is playing a vital part in the war. But many of the new war-time developments in pulpwood products have equally brilliant peacetime potentialities. Such things as plastics, rayon and nylon have waiting markets that are only partly ex-

plored. There is every indication that expanding civilian demands will absorb every available cord as fast as military requirements release it.

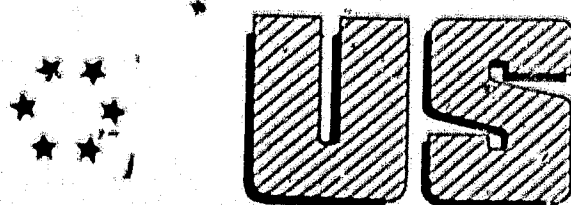
## The 6th Largest Industry

Here is an industry that can mean a great source of revenue for New England farmers; new factories for the towns; thousands of jobs for returning service men; increased prosperity for all.

Here is an industry that is already sixth largest in the country and on the verge of great expansion. Does New England intend to hold its place in this great industry?

Will New England do its share now to meet the war emergency?

**MILLS NEED SPRUCE • FIR • HEMLOCK NOW!**



**VICTORY PULPWOOD CAMPAIGN**

Sponsored by Newspaper Pulpwood Committee ★ American Newspaper Publishers Association



## The Bride of a Blind Man

**Dell Syndicate. WNU Features.**



**By KATHLEEN NORRIS**

*LOVE CONQUERS ALL*

not depend upon an arm, a leg, eyes, back; that despite wounds and losses, a man may live a full and happy life.

Smooth grain leathers can be cleaned well with saddle soap. The saddle soap should be applied with a minimum of water. When the shoes are dry they may be polished with a cream or wax form of shoe polish.

# HOUSEHOLD MEMOS

by Lynn Chambers



**Soup Makes the Main Dish of This Meal**  
(See Recipes Below)

## Soup Suppers

**Soup Fixings:** Save all celery leaves, bits of parsley and spinach leaves and use them when making soup to give good, all-vegetable flavor.

hard-cooked eggs and bacon dressing, molded grapefruit and carrot salad, sliced tomatoes on crisp lettuce or other greens and fruitily cole slaw.

### Lynn Chambers' Point-Saving Menu

Union, 210 South Desplaines Street,  
Chicago 6, Illinois.  
Released by Western Newspaper Union.

## SEWING CIRCLE PATTERNS

## Smart Jumper for Fall Wear Nipped-In Waist, Flaring Skirt



## For Her Party

**T**HIS little girl's party frock will make up beautifully in a winter velvet. The nipped-in waist and perky flare of the skirt will make a dress she'll love to wear when parties come along.

**For Sports or Street Wear**  
A CHECKED cotton jumper and a white blouse, worn with a red leather belt. It makes a costume admirably suited for sports and street wear. Try it in a checked wool for a back-to-college fall dress.

Barbara Bell Pattern No. 1214 is designed for sizes 11, 12, 13, 14, 16 and 18. Size 12, jumper, requires 2½ yards of 39-inch material; short-sleeved blouse, 2½ yards.

For this pattern, send 25 cents, in coins. Your name, address, pattern number and size wanted.

**SEWING CIRCLE PATTERN DEPT.**  
1150 Sixth Ave. New York, N. Y.  
Enclose 25 cents in coins for each pattern desired.

## HOW TO HOLD A HUSBAND!



*For* **HEAT** *that makes*  
*you* **HAPPY,** *get a*  
**WARM**  
**MORNING**  
**COAL HEATER**

**Amazing, Patented  
INTERIOR  
CONSTRUCTION**

Other heaters may look like WARM MORNING; others may have similar sounding names...but only WARM MORNING has the amazing, patented interior construction features that have resulted in such remarkable heating satisfaction throughout the Nation! It's the only heater of its kind in the world.

**INTERIOR VIEW**

U.S. Pat. Nos. 2,662,827 and 2,662,828, and Can. Pat. No. 693,986. Name Reg. in U.S. and Can. Pat. Off.

(W-36)

MODEL 520



**V-DAY**  
and YOUR  
**NEW RADIO**

And what a delight  
it will be to have the  
set you want—farm  
set, table model, port-  
able or combination  
—when it carries this  
magic name!

**Clafion  
RADIO**

WARWICK MANUFACTURING CORP.  
4440 W. Harrison Street, Chicago 44, Illinois

### SNAPPY FACTS ABOUT RUBBER



Rationing of tires and gas has its headaches, but government agencies estimate that it has been responsible for cutting in half the annual scrapping of used cars.

In 1941 the U. S. consumed some 766,000 long tons of natural rubber, an all-time peak, but in 1944 the country is expected to use only 164,000 long tons. Added to that, of course, is an enormous tonnage of synthetic rubber.

Talking of tire conservation, city driving, with "stop and go" conditions, causes seven times as much wear on tires as 25-mile-per-hour driving in rural sections. Also misalignment of wheels may cause 10 times normal tire wear.

*Jersey Shaw*

**It's war or peace**  
**B.F. Goodrich**  
**FIRST IN RUBBER**

### MUSIC... SONGS... ROLICKING WIT

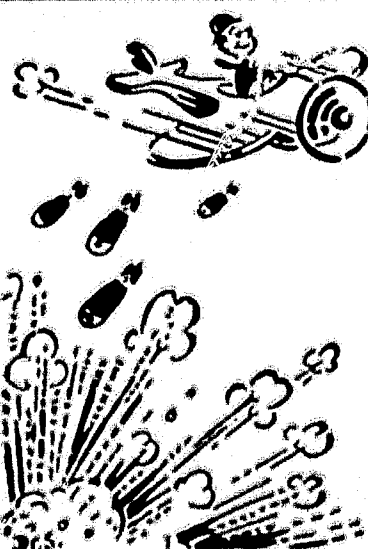
### "TANGEE VARIETIES"

with **SAMMY KAYE**  
and his  
**Swing and Sway Rhythm**

**THURSDAYS  
8:30 PM**

Sponsored by  
**GEO. W. LUFT CO.**

Over the  
**YANKEE NETWORK**  
in New England



**JOIN THE C.B.C.**  
(Civilian Bomb Corps)

United States War Savings Bonds (Liberty)

### With Ernie Pyle at the Front:

## Wounded British Flier Fights Death Eight Days Americans Rescue Cheerful Tommy From Badly Wrecked Plane

By Ernie Pyle

(EDITOR'S NOTE: Although Ernie Pyle is now back in the United States for a much-needed rest after two and one-half years on the fighting front, this column was written before he left France.)

ON THE WESTERN FRONT.—I would like to tell you in detail the remarkable story of the wounded RAF pilot whom we released after he had lain unnoticed in the wreckage of his plane for eight days on a battlefield.



Ernie Pyle

Several American soldiers sprung out of somewhere a few moments after we arrived. They grasped the situation instantly, and began tearing at the sides of the plane with pliers and wire cutters. They worked as though seconds had suddenly become jewels.

The tough metal came off in strips no bigger than your fingers, and only after terrific pulling and yanking. It seemed as if it would take hours to make a hole big enough to get the pilot out.

The ripping and pounding against the metal sides of the hollow plane made a thunderous noise. I peered inside and asked the pilot:

"Does the noise bother you?"

He said, "No, I can stand it. But tell them to be careful when they break through on the other side—my leg is broken, you know."

But the American boys worked faster than we believed possible. They tore their fingers on the jagged edges of the metal; they broke strong aluminum ribs with one small crowbar and a lot of human strength. Soon they had a hole big enough so that I could get my head and shoulders inside the cockpit.

Somebody handed me a canteen of water and I sipped it through the hole to the pilot. He drank avidly. When he put the canteen down he set it on his bare chest and held it with both hands.

"By God, I could drink a river dry," he said.

Somebody outside said not to let him drink any more right now. The pilot said, "Would you pour some on my head?"

I soaked my dirty handkerchief, and rubbed his forehead with it. His hair was not brown in color and very long. His whiskers were reddish and scraggly and he had a little mustache. His face seemed long and thin, and yet you could tell by his tremendous chest that he was a big man and powerful.

His eyes were not glassy, but I was fascinated by his eyeballs. They didn't protrude; it was just that they were so big. When he turned them toward you, it was as though he was slowly turning two big brown tennis balls.

He had complete command of his thoughts. The half-delirium you would expect of a man trapped for eight days without food or water, just did not exist in him. He was just being himself.

His face was dirty from much sweating, but the skin of his body was white and clean. There was a small scar on his forehead and there were some light bruises on his arms.

Inside the plane, the stench was shocking. My first thought was that there must be another man in the plane who had been dead for days. I said to the pilot:

"Is there someone else in the plane?"

And he answered, "No, this is a single seater, old boy."

What I had smelled was the pilot himself. We couldn't see the lower part of his left leg, but we judged it must be gangrenous and in a horrible shape.

"I can move my right leg," he said. "It's all right. In fact I've had it out from here several times, and moved it around for exercise. But the left one I can't move."

I asked, "Where did you get the cigarette you were smoking when we got here?"

He said, "Your chap gave it to me. The one who came first. He lit it for me and stuck it in through the hole, and went searching for the rest of you."

I was wondering if it wasn't dangerous for him to be smoking inside the wrecked plane. I mentioned something about his being lucky that the plane hadn't caught fire when he crashed. And he said:

"Quick! Slide that litter under him," the doctor called.

The pilot said, "My God, that air! That fresh air!" Three times in

"I'll tell you about that. Do you see that woods a little way north of us?"

There were several small woods but I said, "Yes."

"Well," he said, "that first night they set fire to that woods. I could tell it by the glow in the cockpit. And here the plane was soaked with hundred-octane gasoline. I thought the fire would spread right across the field. But it didn't."

Actually what he had thought was the woods were the little town of La Delnais, which had been set afire by shelling. I didn't bother to tell him, for he was alive, and after all what could the technicalities matter?

We had sent one soldier to the nearest aid station as soon as we discovered the wounded British pilot, trapped for eight days in his plane. He had to drive about six miles.

Just a few minutes after the other soldiers finished tearing two holes in the sides of the plane, a medical captain and three aid men popped through the hedge and came running.

The doctor knelt down and sized up everything in a few seconds. He asked an aid man for morphine. The pilot willingly held out his right arm, and the doctor stuck a needle into the bend of the elbow. The pilot never flinched, but looked on almost approvingly.

"You're in good condition," the doctor said to him. "This is just to make it easier for you when we start to pull you out. We'll wait a few minutes for it to take hold."

While we were sitting there on the ground beside the plane, waiting for the morphine to take effect, the pilot said:

"I am delaying you from your work. I'm frightfully sorry about it."

One of the soldiers, touched by the remark, blurted: "Good God, lieutenant, you aren't delaying us. This is what we're here for. We're just sorry we've been so long getting you out."

The pilot momentarily closed his eyes and put his hand on his forehead. And then, as if in resignation at his own rudeness in bothering us, he said:

"Well, I don't know what I should do without you."

So incredibly strong was that pilot's constitution that the morphine never put him out.

They waited about 10 minutes. Then two soldiers took off their web belts and looped them around the pilot's armpits. The medical officer on the other side said they had hold of his trapped foot and could gradually free it.

"It's my back that's weak," the pilot said. "All the strength seems to be gone from the small of my back. You'll have to help me there."

They pulled. The pilot, although without food for eight days, was tremendously strong, and he reached above his head to the plane's framework and helped lift himself.

The belts slipped, and the soldiers took them off. They knelt and lifted his shoulders with their hands.

They had padded the jagged edges of the torn aluminum over which they would have to slide him, with the heavy rubber of his collapsible lifeboat.

The doctor said: "We'll be as easy as we can. Ten, up when to quit!" And the brave man said, "Go ahead, I'll stand it as long as I can."

They pulled again. The pilot made a face and exerted himself to help them. They slid him slowly a few inches through the hole, until he suddenly called: "Whoa-whoa-whoa! My back! It's stuck to the ground. We'll have to break it loose slowly."

They surveyed the possibilities a while, trying to figure a less painful way of getting him out. There wasn't any. He said:

"I can't raise my behind at all. If you could slide something under me to carry the weight."

### Pilot Released Shows Courage

At last, in a sort of final surge, he came clear of the plane. They crawled backwards with him, on hands and knees, struggling to hold his back off the ground. You could see that he was steeling himself fiercely.

"Quick! Slide that litter under him," the doctor called.

The pilot said, "My God, that air! That fresh air!" Three times in

the next five minutes he managed the fresh air.

When they finally laid him tenderly onto the canvas litter and straightened his left leg, you could see the tendons relax and his facial muscles subside, and he gave a long half-groan, half-sigh of relief.

And that was the one single sound of normal human weakness uttered by that man of great courage.

### A LITTLE EARLY

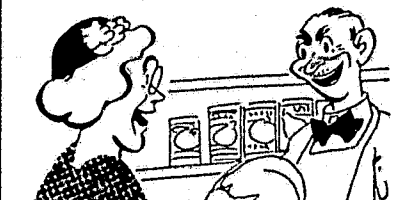
Patriotic Norwegians were among the first to exploit the telephone in the war of nerves against the Nazi invaders and the local Quislings. One of the favorite methods is to phone the wife of a Quisling, the conversation following this pattern:

Patriot's voice: "Hello. Am I speaking with the widow of Sven Erling?"

Mrs. Erling: "No. This is his wife."

Patriot's voice: "Pardon me. I'll call back later."

### SAVE PAPER!



Lady—I want a head of cabbage and I'm in a hurry.

Grocer—Yes, ma'am. Shall I wrap it up for you?

Lady—No. I'll take it bare-headed.

### How Dry I Am!

Smith—I wish I had my wife back again.

Jones—Where is she?

Smith—I swapped her for a bottle of whiskey.

Jones—And now you realize how much you love her?

Smith—No. Now, I'm thirsty again!

### Well Started!

Army Man—Are those new bombers finished yet?

Manufacturer—Well, no, not exactly.

Arm? Man—Well, how far along are you with them?

Manufacturer—We've got the air ready!

### Eggsactly!

Ted—Your girl reminds me of an Easter egg.

Ned—What do you mean?

Ted—She's hand painted on the outside and hardboiled inside.

### Danger Ahead

Him—Would you call for help if I kissed you?

Her—Yes, if I thought you needed it!

### School Daze

Teacher—You missed my class yesterday, didn't you?

Smarty—Not in the least, ma'am. Not in the least!

### Either Too Young

He—Better marry me. I'm strong and healthy.

She—No thanks. I want a man who's weak and wealthy!

### Money Talks

Boy—I'd go through anything for you, baby.

Girl—Clas! Let's go through your pay!

### WILLING AND ABLE



Joan—That girl reminds me of the draft board.

Jane—Why?

Joan—She takes all men between the ages of 18 and 38.

### From Brooklyn

Private—The Sarge speaks Italian like a native, don't he?

Second Ditto—Yeh, like a native American!

### Busy?

Housewife—Who put that statue under the sink?

Maid—That's no statue. That's the plumber.

### Head of the Class

Teacher—Who was it who went into the lion's den and came out alive?

Smarty—The lion!

### No Overtime

Lady—How long is it since you've done any work?

Beggar—I'm sorry, ma'am, but I'm very sensitive about my age!

### Slight Resemblance

Jones—Can you tell me what Jeopardy is?

Smith—Sure, my brother-in-law is a Jeopardy sheriff!

### Family Trouble

Jones—Does your daughter live at home with you?

Smith—No, she doesn't live at home. She's married yet.

### Walkie Talkie

Mr. Brown—Why do you say Mrs. Smith reminds you of a camel?

Mr. Blue—They both go on and on and don't know when they're dry!

### This One's On Me

Jones—My grandfather lived to be 80 and never used glasses.

Smith—So what? Lots of people prefer to drink from a bottle.

### Right Name?

Doctor—I'll have to call some other doctors for consultation.

Patient—Go right ahead. Get as many accomplices as you want.

### SEWING CIRCLE NEEDLEWORK

## Fascinating Upside-Down Doll Gift Item in Pansy Design



5695

green, lavender or yellow tea cloths. Design is completely worked in cross stitch so that even an amateur embroiderer can't help but have them turn out beautifully. A grand gift item!

To obtain transfer designs for two pillowcases, color chart for working, amounts of materials specified for the Pansy Designs (Pattern No. 5695) send 16 cents in coin, your name, address and the pattern number.

Due to an unusually large demand and current war conditions, this pattern is required in limited quantities for a few of the most popular pattern numbers.

Upside-Down Suzy

A QUICKLY made and completely fascinating toy for a pleasing gift—upside-down "Suzy" has two heads, one body, two complete costumes. The skirt is double-faced of two materials—use bright percales in a light and dark shade, gingham, dimity or scraps of silk. Features are embroidered on the face. It's a magic sort of doll which little girls just adore!

To obtain pattern for Upside-down Suzy (Pattern No. 5220) complete instructions for sewing and finishing doll body and clothes, send 16 cents in coin, your name, address and the pattern number.

Worked in Cross Stitch

COLORFUL big pansies—three inches across—done in shades of purple, lavender, pale yellow and a touch of lipstick red make stunning designs on linen pillowcases, hand towels or on pale

### Flight to India

A cargo plane of the U. S. Air Transport command is flown successively by ten different crews of six men each on every scheduled 23,000-mile, 180-hour round-trip flight between Florida and Karachi, India.

SEWING CIRCLE NEEDLEWORK  
1150 Sixth Ave. New York, N. Y.  
Enclose 16 cents (plus one cent to cover cost of mailing) for Pattern No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_

**Willys**  
builds the  
dependable  
**Jeep**  
✓ Light Truck  
✓ Passenger Car  
✓ Light Tractor  
✓ Power Plant

HOUSEWIVES: ★ ★ ★  
Your Waste Kitchen Fats  
Are Needed for Explosives  
TURN 'EM IN! ★ ★ ★

Everybody Loves Them  
**Kellogg's**  
**CORN FLAKES**  
"The Grains are Great Foods"—*Kellogg*  
• Kellogg's Corn Flakes bring you nearly all the protective food elements of the whole grain declared essential to human nutrition.

IF PETER PAIN  
CLUBS YOU WITH  
**RHEUMATIC  
PAIN...**

**RUB IN Ben-Gay QUICK**

• Get this speedy, soothing, wonderful relief from the pain and discomfort of rheumatism! Fast-acting Ben-Gay contains up to 2½ times more methyl salicylate and menthol than five other widely offered rub-ins. These famous pain-relieving agents are known to every doctor. Make sure of getting genuine Ben-Gay!

**BEN-GAY**—THE ORIGINAL ANALGESIC BAUME  
Also For PAIN DUE TO NEURALGIA MUSCLE PAIN MILD BEN-GAY FOR CHILDREN  
DUE TO AND COLDS



## Classified Advertising

Twenty-five words or less, one week, 25 cents; second week, 15 cents; each additional week, 10 cents.

Each word more than 25, one cent per word the first week, and half cent per word each succeeding week.

### FOR SALE

**ALL WOOL YARN FOR SALE** from manufacturer. Samples and knitting directions free. H. A. BARTLETT, Harmony, Me. 47

**FOR SALE**—Kings Range with tank, now lining \$40 cash. MISS MABEL ABBOTT, R F D 1, Bethel. 42p

### WANTED

**WANTED**—Man and wife to work on farm on Cape Cod. Man must know how to milk and drive car. Write H. E. RUGGLES, 1233 Franklin Ave., Wilkesburg, Penn. 407

**WANTED**—Small electric radio suitable for camp; small second hand flat top desk for small office. BOX B, CITIZEN OFFICE. 41p

**WANTED**—A dishwasher for day work, from 11 A. M. to 3 P. M. BETHEL RESTAURANT. 39

**TEACHERS WANTED**—Many attractive vacancies listed with us for elementary, high school and college teachers. Positions East and South. Salaries from \$1600 to \$4000. BALTIMORE TEACHERS AGENCY, 516 N. Charles St., Baltimore 1, Maryland. 43p

**TYPEWRITERS WANTED**—State make, model, condition and price desired, or bring to the CITIZEN OFFICE, Phone 100. 45

**POULTRY WANTED**—Stanley ROBERTS, Biddeford, Maine. Tel. Rumford 163. 45

### MISCELLANEOUS

Leave Shoes at Chamberlain's Store for repair and clothes to clean Wednesday and Saturday. EXCEL CLEANERS AND DYERS, INC., Auburn, Maine. 44p

**LEAVE SHOES AT EARL DAVIS** for repair. RICHARD'S SHOE SHOP, Gorham, N. H. 40p

**LOVELY**—Write Box 26, Vancouver, Wn. 23p

**DON'T FACE YOUR FUTURE** blindly. Let me help with complete readings. Sympathetic, confidential. Send one dollar, birth date, ELMA, Box 302, Auburn, Me. 32-47p

## BUSINESS CARDS

### T. L. GREENLEAF

#### OPTOMETRIST

Will be at his rooms over

Rose's Store

**SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7**

### G. L. KNEELAND

#### Osteopath

Office in Annie Young House

Hours: 9 to 12; 2 to 5:30; 7 to 9

Residence by Appointment

PHONE 94

### GERRY BROOKS

#### ATTORNEY AT LAW

Broad Street

BETHEL, MAINE

Telephone 74

### JOHN F. IRVINE

#### Cemetery Memorials

Gravestone, Marble, Bronze

LETTERING—CLEANING

PHONE BETHEL, 22-41

### GERARD S. WILLIAMS

#### ATTORNEY AT LAW

located for Duration of War

Address Mail to Box 84, Bethel

### DR. RALPH O. HOOD

#### Osteopathic Physician

at the home of

Mrs. Clifford Merrill,

High Street, Mondays

### ELMER E. BENNETT

#### AGENT

New York Life Insurance Co.

Bethel, Maine

### S.S. Greenleaf

#### Funeral Home

Modern Ambulance Equipment

TELEPHONE 112 BETHEL, ME.

DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE

## CHURCH ACTIVITIES

### CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

John J. Foster, Minister  
9:45 Church School, Miss Ida Packard and Mrs. Loton Hutchins, Supervisors.

11:00 Kindergarten Class, Mrs. Marvel Hanson in charge.  
11:00 Morning Worship, Sermon Topic, "The Tests of Faith."

The members of Mr. Foster's Church School Class will meet at the Manse at nine o'clock on Saturday morning to take a hike.

The Pilgrim Fellowship will meet in the Chapel at four o'clock on Sunday afternoon for a hike and campfire supper. All members with the exception of those who take their meals at the dorm, please bring your own food.

The Junior Guild will hold its first meeting of the year on Wednesday evening at 6:30 o'clock. This meeting will consist of our usual pot-luck supper, followed by a business meeting. Introduction of new members and a talk by Mr. Foster. If you can't come for the supper, why not come about 7:30 and enjoy the remainder of the evening with the Junior Guild.

### METHODIST CHURCH

William Penner, Pastor  
9:45 Church School, Miss Minnie Wilson, superintendent.

11:00 Morning Worship Service, Theme, "The Impact of Christ Upon the World."

6:30 Youth Fellowship meeting at the Earl Davis home. Program leaders, Rodney Brooks and Jerry Davis.

### CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCH

Services Sunday morning at 10:45.  
"Are Sin, Disease, and Death Real?" is the subject of the Lesson-Sermon that will be read in all Churches of Christ, Scientist on Sunday, October 8.

The Golden Text will be: "O Lord my God I cried unto thee, and thou hast heard me. O Lord thou hast brought up my soul from the grave; thou hast kept me alive, that I should not go down to the pit." (Psalm 130: 2, 3.)

The citations from the Bible include the following passages: "Thou art worthy, O Lord, to receive glory and honor and power; for thou hast created all things, and for thy pleasure they are and were created." (Rev. 4: 11.)

The Lesson-Sermon also includes the following selections from the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," by Mary Baker Eddy: "Christian Science reveals God, not as the author of sin, sickness, and death, but as divine Principle, Supreme Being, Mind, except from the evil, immortal Mind is the only cause; therefore disease is neither a cause nor an effect. Mind in every case is the eternal God, good, sin, disease, and death have no foundations in Truth." (pages 127: 10-19, & 416: 1-5.)

**CAID OF THANKS**  
We want to thank all of our neighbors and friends for their kindness to us while we were getting ready to move to Berlin, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Kimball  
At Rumford, Sept. 29 to Mr. and Mrs. Chester Kimball of Locke Mills, a son.

At Berlin, N. H., Sept. 29 to Mrs. Frank Swann of Bethel, a son, Frank William.

**MARRIED**  
At West Paris, Sept. 30 by Rev. Eleanor B. Forbes, Miss Ann Elizabeth Culbert of South Paris and Ivan H. Proctor of West Paris.

At West Paris, Sept. 16, by Rev. Eleanor B. Forbes, Mrs. Mabel Kirk and Frank O. Robertson, both of Bethel.

**DIED**  
At Fort Devens, Mass., Oct. 2, Sgt. Robert Leslie Moore of Bethel, aged 26 years.

At West Paris, Sept. 28, Mrs. Annie Amero, aged 85 years.

**NOTICE**  
The subscriber hereby gives notice that she has been duly appointed Exrx. of the Will of Florence P. Merrill, formerly Florence P. Merrill, late of Bethel in the County of Oxford, deceased without bond. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

ABIGAIL MARY GILL  
Bethel, Maine.  
Sept. 19th, 1944 41

### STATE OF MAINE

To all persons interested in either of the Estates hereinafter named: At a Probate Court held at Paris in and for said County, on the third Tuesday of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and forty-four from day to day from the third Tuesday of said September. The following matters having been presented for the action thereupon hereinafter indicated, it is hereby Ordered, all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford County Citizen, a newspaper published at Bethel, in said County, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at said Paris, on the third Tuesday of October, A. D. 1944, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and be heard thereon if they see cause.

Archibald T. Heath, late of Gilead deceased. First account presented for allowance by Mabel L. Heath, executrix.

Witness, Albert J. Stearns, Judge of said Court at Paris, this third Tuesday of September in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and forty-four.

HAROLD R. CLIFFORD, Register. 41

## DEWEY LASHES AT FDR IN FIGHTING SPEECH

Following are highlights of Governor Thomas E. Dewey's address delivered in the Municipal Auditorium in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, on September 25 and broadcast coast-to-coast.

Governor Dewey said in part:

Last Saturday night September 23 the man who wants to be President for sixteen years made his first speech of this campaign. It was a speech of mud-slinging, ridicule and wise-cracks. It plumbed the depths of demagoguery by dragging into this campaign names of Hitler and Goebbels; it descended to quoting from "Mein Kampf" and to reckless charges of "fraud" and "falsehood."

I shall not use the tactics of our enemies by quoting from "Mein Kampf." I will never divide America. Those tactics also I leave to my opponent.

I shall never make a speech to one group of American people inciting them to hatred and distrust of any other group.

My opponent, however, has chosen to wage his campaign on the record of the past and has indulged in charges of fraud and falsehood.

My opponent describes as, and I quote him, a "fantastic charge," the statement that his administration plans to keep men in the army when the war is over and that it intends to keep them there because it fears there will be no jobs for them in civil life. Well, who brought that up?

Here is the statement of a high official of the administration as reported on Aug. 23, 1944, in the publication of the United States Army, the Stars and Stripes. He said:

"We can keep people in the army about as cheaply as we could create an agency for them when they are out."

Now, who said that? It was the national director of selective service appointed by Mr. Roosevelt and still in office.

Now says Mr. Roosevelt, the war department thereafter issued a plan for what he called "speedy discharges." You can read that plan from now until doomsday and you cannot find one word about "speedy discharges." It is, in fact, a statement of the priority in which men will be discharged after the war. It does not say whether they are to be retained in service a month or years after victory. The present administration, with its record of peace-time failure, is afraid to bring men home.

In March, 1940, Mr. Roosevelt had been in office seven years. Yet the depression was still with us. We still had ten million Americans unemployed. Those are not my figures—those are the figures of the American Federation of Labor.

Now we are not interested in this campaign to rake over my opponent's record of failing to prepare the defenses of this country for war. It's all in the past—a very tragic past. It has cost countless American lives; it has caused untold misery.

But my opponent has now brought that subject up. He seized violently upon the statement that we were not prepared for war when it came. In his speech of Saturday night he called that a falsehood which not even Goebbels would have invented. Now we are prepared for war, or were we not?

In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only "25 per cent ready." Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath.

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

stances of the moment permit us to put our money into bridges and boulevards . . . rather than into huge standing armies and vast implements of war."

But war came just two years later. It was in January of 1940 that I publicly called for a two-ocean navy for the defense of America. It was that statement of mine which Mr. Roosevelt called, and I quote his words: "Just plain dumb."

The simple truth is that my opponent's record is desperately bad. The price the American people have had to pay for that record is desperately high.

My opponent now announces his desire to be President for sixteen years. He called it a "malicious falsehood" that he had ever represented himself to be "indispensable."

Let's look at these closely supervised words of his hand-picked candidate for vice president. Mr. Truman said of my opponent, and I am quoting him: "The very future of the peace and prosperity of the world depends upon his re-election in November."

Here are the words of Boss Kelly of the Chicago machine, who was the manager of that fake third-term draft of 1940. You remember? He said: "The salvation of this nation rests in one man." Was that statement ever repudiated by my opponent? No. It was rewarded by increased White House favors. So it was repeated again by the same man at the same time in the same city and for the same purpose this year: "The salvation of this nation rests in one man."

Now, was it a malicious falsehood that one of the first acts of my opponent's newly selected national chairman was to announce last May that he was for a fourth term and that he was looking forward to a fifth term?

Let's get this straight. The man who wants to be President for sixteen years is, indeed, indispensable. He is indispensable to Harry Hopkins, to Madam Perkins, to Harold Ickes. He is indispensable to a host of other political big game hunters. He is indispensable to America's leading enemy of civil liberties—the mayor of Jersey City. He is indispensable to those infamous machines, in Chicago—in the Bronx—and all the others. He is indispensable to Sidney Hillman and the Political Action Committee. He is indispensable to Earl Browder, the ex-convict and pardoned Communist leader.

But my opponent has now brought that subject up. He seized violently upon the statement that we were not prepared for war when it came. In his speech of Saturday night he called that a falsehood which not even Goebbels would have invented. Now we are prepared for war, or were we not?

In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only "25 per cent ready." Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath.

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements come from Goebbels? Was that fraud or falsification? Those are the words of Gen. George C. Marshall, chief of staff of the United States army, under oath."

I quote again: "In 1940, the year after the war began in Europe, the United States was in such a tragic condition that it couldn't put into the field as a mobile force 75,000 men. The army was only '25 per cent ready.' Now Mr. Roosevelt, did those statements